

Supplementary Table 4. Associations of childhood height at ages 7 to 13 years with risks of SAH among women and men

Sex	Age (yr)	Number	Cases	SAH, HR (95% CI)
Women	7	112,394	482	0.83 (0.76-0.91)
	8	113,197	488	0.83 (0.76-0.90)
	9	108,643	490	0.82 (0.75-0.90)
	10	105,452	492	0.83 (0.76-0.91)
	11	104,455	491	0.83 (0.76-0.91)
	12	103,404	492	0.84 (0.77-0.92)
	13	101,895	487	0.83 (0.76-0.91)
Men	7	117,224	277	0.98 (0.87-1.10)
	8	118,143	280	0.98 (0.87-1.10)
	9	112,792	282	0.99 (0.88-1.12)
	10	109,158	279	1.01 (0.90-1.14)
	11	108,059	279	1.02 (0.90-1.15)
	12	106,829	278	1.02 (0.91-1.15)
	13	105,017	276	1.05 (0.93-1.18)

HRs and 95% CIs are given for a 1-unit increase in height z-score. All analyses are stratified by birth cohort. SAH, subarachnoid hemorrhage; HR, hazard ratio; CI, confidence interval.